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Dear Friends:

As we begin to wrap up 2016, it's a great time to reflect on our accomplishments over the past year and to contemplate goals for 2017. This year has been a big year for me: on a personal level, I have a new baby who has brought an incredible amount of love into the world with him. Professionally, I have made time to attend a number of educational conferences to remain up to date on financial planning topics and to learn about best practices for helping you be financially successful. I will continue to pursue additional knowledge and encourage each of you to do the same in a field or topic of your interest. As Henry Ford once said, "anyone who stops learning is old, whether at twenty or eighty. Anyone who keeps learning stays young."

Merry Christmas, Happy New Year, and here's to staying young in 2017!

Jesse

December 2016

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Playing Catch-Up with Your 401(k) or IRA



A recent survey of baby boomers (ages 53 to 69) found that just 24% were confident they would have enough money to last throughout retirement. Forty-five percent had no retirement savings at all, and of those who did

have savings, 42% had saved less than \$100,000.¹

Your own savings may be on more solid ground, but regardless of your current balance, it's smart to keep it growing. If you're 50 or older, you could benefit by making catch-up contributions to tax-advantaged retirement accounts. You might be surprised by how much your nest egg could grow late in your working career.

Contribution limits

The federal contribution limit in 2016 and 2017 for all IRAs combined is \$5,500, plus a \$1,000 catch-up contribution for those 50 and older, for a total of \$6,500. An extra \$1,000 might not seem like much, but it could make a big difference by the time you're ready to retire (see table). You have until the April 18, 2017, tax filing deadline to make IRA contributions for 2016. The sooner you contribute, the more time the funds will have to pursue potential growth.

The deferral limit in 2016 and 2017 for employer-sponsored retirement plans such as 401(k), 403(b), and most 457(b) plans is \$18,000, plus a \$6,000 catch-up contribution for workers 50 and older, for a total of \$24,000. However, some employer-sponsored plans may have maximums that are lower than the federal contribution limit. Unlike the case with IRAs, contributions to employer-sponsored plans must be made by the end of the calendar year, so be sure to adjust your contributions early enough in the year to take full advantage of the catch-up opportunity.

The following table shows the amount that a 50-year-old might accrue by age 65 or 70, based on making maximum annual contributions (at current rates) to an IRA or a 401(k) plan:

Potential Savings a 50-Year-Old Could Accumulate		Without Catch-Up	With Catch-Up
IRA	By Age 65	\$128,018	\$151,294
	By Age 70	\$202,321	\$239,106
401(k)	By Age 65	\$418,697	\$558,623
	By Age 70	\$662,141	\$882,854

Example assumes a 6% average annual return. This hypothetical example of mathematical compounding is used for illustrative purposes only and does not represent any specific investment. It assumes contributions are made at end of the calendar year. Rates of return vary over time, particularly for long-term investments. Fees and expenses are not considered and would reduce the performance shown if they were included. Actual results will vary.

Special 403(b) and 457(b) plan rules

403(b) and 457(b) plans can (but aren't required to) provide their own special catch-up opportunities. The 403(b) special rule, available to participants with at least 15 years of service, may permit an additional \$3,000 annual deferral for up to five years (certain additional limits apply). A participant can use this special rule and the age 50 catch-up rule in the same year. Therefore, a participant eligible for both could contribute up to \$27,000 to his or her 403(b) plan account (the \$18,000 regular deferral limit, plus the \$3,000 special catch-up, plus the \$6,000 age 50 catch-up).

The 457(b) plan special rule allows participants who have not deferred the maximum amount in prior years to contribute up to twice the normal deferral limit (that is, up to \$36,000 in 2016 and 2017) in the three years prior to reaching the plan's normal retirement age. (However, these additional catch-up contributions can't exceed the total of the prior years' unused deferrals.) 457(b) participants who elect to use this special catch-up rule cannot also use the age 50 catch-up rule in the same year.

¹ "Boomer Expectations for Retirement 2016," Insured Retirement Institute.

The Giving Season: Six Tips for Making Smart and Effective Charitable Donations This Holiday Season



Many charitable organizations allow you to donate online, by text, or through social networking sites.

The following organizations and agencies publish reports and charity ratings, and/or give useful tips and information to consumers on how to donate and choose a charity:

- Better Business Bureau's BBB Wise Giving Alliance, bbb.org
- Charity Navigator, charitynavigator.org
- CharityWatch, charitywatch.org
- Federal Trade Commission, ftc.gov

The holidays are a popular time for charitable donations. With so many charities to choose from, it's more important than ever to ensure that your donation is well spent. Here are six tips that can help you make smart and effective charitable donations.

1. Choose your charities wisely

Choosing worthy organizations that support the causes you care about can be tricky, but it doesn't have to be time-consuming. There are several well-known organizations that rate and review charities, as well as provide useful tips and information on how to donate and choose a charity (see sidebar). To get started, here are some things to consider:

- *How the charity plans to use your gift.* Contact the charity by phone or go online to find information about the charity's mission, accomplishments, financial status, and future growth.
- *How much the charity spends on administrative costs.* If a charity has higher-than-average administrative costs, it may be spending less on programs and services than it should. This could also be a sign that the charity is in serious financial trouble. In addition, if a charity uses for-profit telemarketers, then it may get very little of the money it raises, so ask how much of your donation the charity will actually receive.
- *The legitimacy of the charity.* Take the time to check out the charity before you donate. Ask for identification when approached by a solicitor, and never give out your Social Security number, credit-card number, bank account number, account password, or personal information over the phone or in response to an email you didn't initiate.
- *How much you can afford to give to the charity.* Stick to your giving goals and only give what you can afford. Legitimate fundraisers will not try to pressure you and will be happy to send information that can help you make an informed decision regarding your donation.

2. Maximize your donation through a matching gift

If your employer offers a program that matches charitable gifts made by employees, you can maximize your charitable donations. Some matching gift programs may have specific guidelines — for example, they may only match a gift up to a certain dollar limit, and the charity may need to provide additional information.

3. Make automatic donations

If you're looking for an easy way to donate regularly to a favorite charity, consider making automatic donations from a financial account. Automatic donations can benefit charities by potentially lowering fundraising costs and by establishing a foundation of regular donors. You'll also benefit, since spreading your donations throughout the year may enable you to give more and simplify your record keeping.

4. Look for alternatives to cash donations

Although cash donations are always welcome, charities also encourage other types of gifts. For example, if you meet certain requirements, you may be able to give stock, direct gifts from your IRA, real estate, or personal property. Keep in mind that you'll want to check with your financial professional to assess potential income and estate tax consequences based on your individual circumstances. Other alternatives to cash donations include volunteering your time and using your talents to improve the lives of others in your community.

5. Consider estate planning strategies when gifting

Another option is to utilize estate planning to make a charitable gift. For example, you might leave a bequest in your will; give life insurance; or use a charitable gift annuity, charitable remainder annuity trust, or charitable unitrust that may help you give away the asset now, while retaining a lifetime interest. Check with your financial or tax professional regarding any potential estate or tax benefits or consequences before making this type of gift.

6. Remember the importance of record keeping

If you itemize when you file your taxes, you can deduct donations you've made to a tax-qualified charity — however, you must provide proper documentation of your donation to the IRS. Keep copies of cancelled checks, bank statements, credit-card statements, or receipts showing the charity's name, date of your donation, and contribution amount. For donations or contributions of \$250 or more, you'll need a detailed written acknowledgment from the charity. For more information and a list of specific record-keeping requirements, see IRS Publication 526, Charitable Contributions.



Are You Ending 2016 Healthy, Wealthy, and Wise?



**All investing involves risk, including the possible loss of principal, and there is no guarantee that any investment strategy will be successful.*

Although the year is drawing to a close, you still have time to review your finances. Pausing to reflect on the financial progress you made in 2016 and identifying adjustments for 2017 can help you start the new year stronger than ever.

How healthy are your finances?

Think of a year-end review as an annual physical for your money. Here are some questions to ask that will help assess your financial fitness.

- Do you know how you spent your money in 2016? Did you make any progress toward your financial goals? Look for spending habits (such as eating out too much) that need tweaking, and make necessary adjustments to your budget.
- Are you comfortable with the amount of debt that you have? Any end-of-year mortgage, credit card, and loan statements will spell out the amount of debt you still owe and how much you've been able to pay off this year.
- How is your credit? Having a positive credit history may help you get better interest rates when you apply for credit, potentially saving you money over the long term. Check your credit report at least once a year by requesting your free annual copy through the federally authorized website annualcreditreport.com.
- Do you have an emergency savings account? Generally, you should aim to set aside at least three to six months' worth of living expenses. Having this money can help you avoid piling up more credit-card debt or shortchanging your retirement or college savings because of an unexpected event such as job loss or illness.
- Do you have an adequate amount of insurance? Your insurance needs may change over time, so it's a good idea to review your coverage at least once a year to make sure it still meets your needs.

How wealthy are you really?

It's easy to put your retirement savings on autopilot, especially if you're making automatic contributions to a retirement account. But market swings this year may have affected your retirement account balances, so review any statements you've received. How have your investments performed in comparison to general market conditions, against industry benchmarks, and in relation to your expectations and needs? Do you need to make any adjustments based on your own circumstances, your tolerance for risk, or because of market conditions*?

Finally, look for ways to save more. For example, if you receive a pay increase this year, don't overlook the opportunity to increase your employer-sponsored retirement plan contributions. Ask your employer to set aside a higher percentage of your salary.

How wise are you about financial matters?

What you don't know can hurt you, so it's time to honestly assess your financial picture. Taking into account your income, savings and investments, and debt load, did your finances improve this year? If not, what can you do differently in 2017?

What are your greatest financial concerns? Do you have certain life events coming up that you need to prepare for, such as marriage, buying a home, or sending your child off to college? You can't know everything, so don't put off asking for assistance. It's a wise move that can help you prepare for next year's financial challenges.

Year-End Financial Checklist

- Review your benefits during your employer's open enrollment season, and make any necessary changes before your employer's deadline.
 - Use up any contributions to your flexible spending account (FSA) before the use-it-or-lose-it deadline (this may be the end of the year—check with your employer).
 - Update estate planning documents such as wills, trusts, and health-care directives to account for life changes.
 - Review and update beneficiaries for your financial accounts and insurance policies.
 - Make year-end donations to charity. If you itemize, these may help reduce your taxable income for 2016.*
 - Consider gifts to family members. For 2016, you may give up to \$14,000 to each individual without owing gift taxes.*
 - Begin organizing your financial records for tax time.
 - Check your Social Security Statement at ssa.gov to find out about future benefits.
- *Talk to a tax professional for help with your individual situation.

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How can technology help me manage my money?

It may seem that there's an app or software program for every purpose, and that includes managing your money. Here are some examples where technology may be useful in helping you get a handle on your money.

Creating a budget: There are multiple apps available that enable you to input your monthly income and expenses to generate a budget that fits your needs. Plus, some programs are able to categorize and track transactions, which could help you see exactly how much you spend in certain areas on a month-to-month basis.

Setting reminders: Do you occasionally forget to pay a particular bill? Or are you looking for a regular reminder to keep an eye on your account balances? Look for an app that lets you schedule reminders that suit your needs, whether it's an alarm that goes off for monthly bills or a service that automates payments you might otherwise forget to make.

Digitizing services: You're probably aware of your bank's direct-deposit services, but did you know that you can send payments, request

refunds, and view transaction history using your bank's mobile app? You can also find apps that feature calculators designed to help you make investment decisions, as well as determine your net worth, calculate the time value of your money, and estimate your insurance needs, among other things.

Shopping (and saving): Some apps are designed specifically to help you save money in a variety of ways, from searching for the best local deals to calculating the cost of driving from point A to point B. If you'd like to dial back your spending, look for an app that can help you cut costs. For example, apps can compare the cost of groceries at one store against another, or help you find the lowest gas prices in your area. That way, you can put the extra money you have from being a savvy shopper toward a long-term goal, such as retirement.

With some exploration, you may find additional money-related apps. But bear in mind that even though many apps and services promise security, technology isn't always reliable, and you could fall victim to hackers. Think carefully before you provide information pertaining to your bank account and income/spending history.



What do you need to know about chip-card technology?

When you're checking out items at the store, should you insert your card into the payment terminal? These days, as the use of chip-card technology grows, the answer to that question is less clear. The computer chip now embedded in debit and credit cards uses EMV (Europay, MasterCard, and Visa) technology, which is meant to reduce fraud at physical retail stores (as opposed to online shops). But because businesses aren't required to upgrade their terminals, it's confusing to figure out what to do at the register. Here are answers to some questions you might have about chip cards.

How does it work? Magnetic strip cards contain information within the strip, so it's easy for a thief to "capture" that information and use it to accrue charges without the cardholder's knowledge. By contrast, the chip card generates a unique, specific code for each transaction that cannot be reused.

Why does it take longer to check out? The unique code generated by the chip for each transaction is sent to the bank by the payment terminal. The bank matches the code to an

identical one-time code and sends it back as verification for the transaction. As a result, it takes a few seconds longer to check out using a chip card because it takes time for the information to be transmitted.

Why aren't some terminals working yet? You might notice that terminals in some stores are equipped with a chip-card reader, but you're told you can't use it. These terminals are awaiting chip-card certification, which can take several months to process. Until their terminals are certified, retailers are responsible for any fraudulent charges.

How much longer will I have to carry a physical card? The answer to this question isn't clear. However, it's important to note that terminals with upgraded chip-card technology are also equipped with technology that can accept wireless near-field communication. This allows data to be exchanged between two different devices (e.g., a cell phone and a terminal) that are a short distance away. This means that one day, instead of swiping or inserting a card at the checkout, you might just be tapping the terminal to make payments.



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